The Köppen Climate Classification System
The Köppen climate classification system uses mean monthly and annual values of temperature and precipitation to classify climates.

### **Humid Tropical Climates**

- Humid tropical climates are without winters. Every month in such a climate has a mean temperature above 18°C. The amount of precipitation can exceed 200 cm per year.
- Wet Tropical
  - Wet tropical climates have high temperatures and much annual precipitation.

## **Rain Forest in Malaysia**



### **Humid Tropical Climates**

- Tropical Wet and Dry
  - **Tropical wet and dry climates** are climates that transition between the wet tropics and the subtropical steppes.

### African Savanna



#### **Humid Mid-Latitude Climates**

Climates with mild winters have an average temperature in the coldest month that is below 18°C but above -3°C. Climates with severe winters have an average temperature in the coldest month that is below -3°C.

#### **Humid Mid-Latitude Climates**

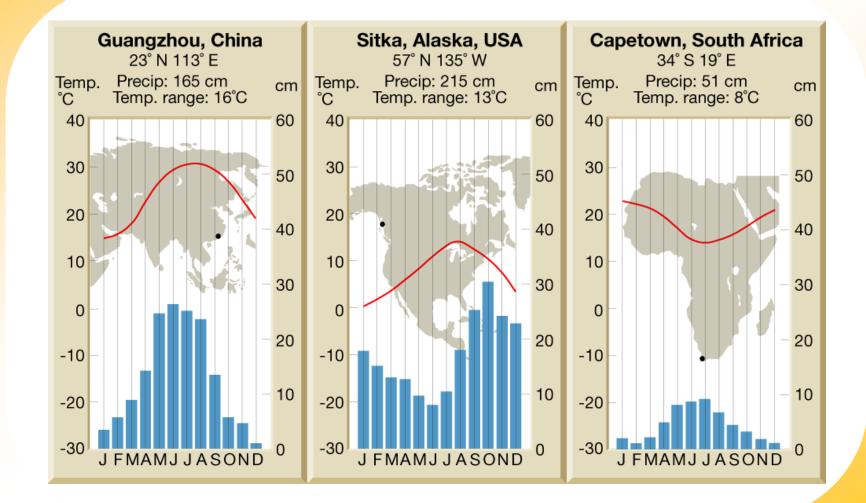
- Humid Mid-Latitude with Mild Winters
  - A humid subtropical climate is generally located on the eastern side of a continent and is characterized by hot, sultry summers and cool winters.
  - A marine west coast climate is found on windward coasts from latitudes 40° to 65° and is dominated by maritime air masses. Winters are mild, and summers are cool.

#### **Humid Mid-Latitude Climates**

Humid Mid-Latitude With Mild Winters

 A dry-summer subtropical climate is a climate located on the west sides of continents between 30° and 45° latitude. It is the only humid climate with a strong winter precipitation maximum.

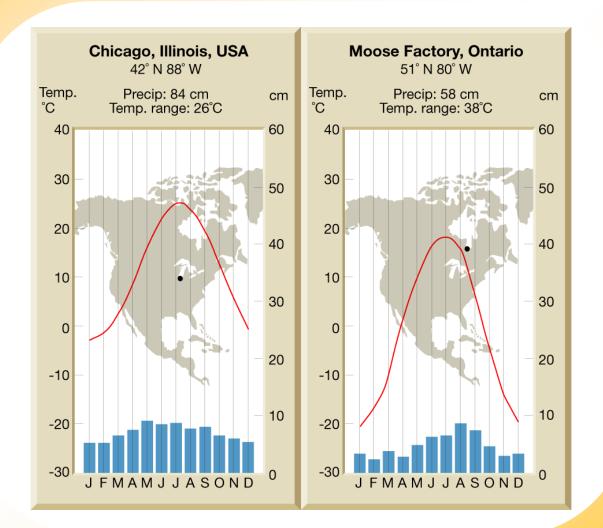
### **Mid-Latitude Climates**



#### **Humid Mid-Latitude Climates**

- Humid Mid-Latitude With Severe Winters
  - A subarctic climate is found north of the humid continental climate and south of the polar climate; it is characterized by bitterly cold winters and short, cool summers. Places within this climate realm experience the highest annual temperature ranges on Earth.

### **Mid-Latitude Climates**



### **Dry Climates**

A dry climate is one in which the yearly precipitation is not as great as the potential loss of water by evaporation.

### **Polar Climates**

 Polar climates are those in which the mean temperature of the warmest month is below 10°C.

### An Ice Cap Climate Is a Polar Climate



### **Highland Climates**

 In general, highland climates are cooler and wetter than nearby areas at lower elevations.